

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 18

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, May 25, 1933

No. 6

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

Germany Acc ts British Arms and Fear Invasion of Peiping and Tientsin

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Geneva, May 19 — Germany accepted the British disarmament plan today as a basis for an agreement to be reached by the world disarmament conference.

Rudolph Nadolny, the German delegate, informed the conference of the decision of his government.

Manifestations of approval greeted Herr Nadolny when he said that any German suggestion would dovetail with the British draft, which had already been accepted by all nations save Germany.

Coalitionists Win in South African Elections

(By Canadian Press in Calgary Herald.)

Pretoria, South Africa, May 19. — The general election in South Africa, final results of which were tallied today, returned the Coalition government of Prime Minister J. B. M. Hertzog with an unanimous support as was ever given a government in this country.

The Coalitionists now have 139 seats out of 150.

Wheat Surplus Claimed to be Small

(By Lukin Johnston in Calgary Herald.)

London, May 19. — Actual over-production of world wheat supplies is comparatively small and readjustment of production and consumption should not be unsurmountable. Such is the reassuring conclusion reached by experts representing Canada, the United States, Argentina and Australia in session at Geneva for more than a week past.

To judge from the present disastrous price level they say it might be thought there was enormous overproduction but annual surpluses do not represent the difference in quantity which might be expected in view of the remarkable drop in prices.

The problem of bringing about a rise in prices, they add, can only be solved by international action, three main measures for which are: (1) Limitation of production and possibly of exports; (2) Liquidation of stocks; (3) Maintenance of a reasonable import market in European importing countries.

The conference will resume in London on May 29th, according to the Times' Geneva correspondent.

Prairie Premiers to Confer Regarding Relief

(By Canadian Press in Calgary Herald.)

Winnipeg, May 22. — After a long distance telephone conversation with Premier Brownlee of Alberta and Premier Anderson of Saskatchewan, Premier John Bracken announced today that representatives of the three prairie governments will meet here Friday or Saturday to discuss a united policy for presentation at Ottawa looking to a new unemployment relief agreement.

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Nanking, May 20. — National government officials expressed the belief today that the Japanese intended to invade Peiping and Tientsin.

The statement was made in commenting on the flights over the two cities of Japanese airplanes.

Any prospects for cessation of hostilities in the North China war zone are still remote, in the opinion of the Japanese legation at Peiping.

Appointments to Debt Adjustment Board

(Special Dispatch in the Calgary Herald.)

Edmonton, May 19 — Appointment of Alberta's new debt adjustment board was announced by Premier Brownlee on Friday.

The chairman will be William Loree, of Calgary, director of the Debt Adjustment Act for some years, while the other members are: L. F. Clary, K.C., of Calgary, master in chambers for many years, and Ben S. Pomeroy, of Bow Valley, director of the Alberta Wheat Pool.

Drumheller Jobless Strike

(Special Dispatch in the Calgary Herald.)

Drumheller, May 22. — The offer of Premier John E. Brownlee to reconsider the entire relief question in the Drumheller valley, including city relief and that of L.I.D. No. 276, providing striking relief workers return to work was turned down Sunday afternoon by more than 400 relief recipients.

Alberta Crop Report No. 4

The general situation at the present date is that in the south-eastern and east central areas seeding will be practically completed this week with about 50 per cent of the crop above the ground. In the south-western and west-central parts of the province and along the foothills there is considerable wheat seeding yet to be done and the percentage of wheat above ground is comparatively small. In the Peace River area and the north-eastern parts percentage of seeding completed is at this late date rather low being not more than 15 to 25 per cent.

All wheat above ground is showing healthy growth and germination generally seems to have been satisfactory, in some places more rapid than for a number of years. One of the beneficial results of the heavy general precipitation in the province has been the halting of all soil drifting.

The tangible results of the spring weather conditions will be a fairly considerable reduction in wheat acreage, a few districts reporting as high as 15 to 20 per cent less and others between 5 and 10 per cent reduction in sown land.

Pastures are coming on well and live stock is in good condition.

Tea, our Ideal Black Tea, 2 lbs.	65c
Viking Coffee, fresh, per lb.	39c
Pure Dutch Cocoa, per lb.	25c
Red Arrow Sodas, per pkg.	19c
Peas, sifted, size 3, two tins	29c
Apricots, choice evaporated, 2 lbs.	35c
Bananas, Rhubarb, Celery, Lettuce and all seasonable Fruits and Vegetables.	

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General Merchant Phone 21

B.A. GAS AND OILS

These well-known and highly meritorious motor adjuncts are now being retailed at Chinook.

High Quality Gasoline, 3 Gals. 85c
New Oils at Proportionately Low Prices.

K. M. VANHOOK
Main Street Chinook, Alberta

World's Peace in Hands of Big Powers

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Rome, May 22. — The four big powers of western Europe "are responsible for peace or war in Europe or the world," Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs Fulvio Suvich told the Chamber of Deputies on Monday in a discussion of Premier Mussolini's four-power peace pact.

That pact is now before Great Britain, Germany, France and Italy for formal signature. Signor Suvich spoke in the presence of the premier.

He said to four-power responsibility for peace did not mean less respect for the will of other states and there is no less desire and necessity for collaboration also with them.

Heavy Canadian Gold Shipments to London

(From the London Times Special Service, Copyright, in Calgary Herald.)

London, May 22. — Canada has now joined in the race to send gold to London's bulging bank coffers. Huge shipments have been made lately from Montreal to the Bank of England and the bullion market generally. This is explained by the Times Monday as due to the United States having prohibited gold shipments. London, consequently, now the world's only free gold market.

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Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
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We have an Attractive Price on Marvelube, Mobil, Polarine Oils and Greases.

Naptha Gasoline, 3 gallons 85c

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Home-Cured Hams and Shoulders

COLD LAKE

FRESH FISH

FIRST-CLASS QUALITY LARD.

Chinook Meat Market

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND "SALADA" TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

A Warning To All Nations

In this column recently it was emphasized that the only effective and permanent way out of the existing depression, and the only method whereby world peace can be maintained and assured, is through international action. The fact was stressed that no one nation can, through its own policies and by its own efforts, bring prosperity to its people. Furthermore, that the solution of world problems today, or the domestic problems of individual countries, is not to be found in the overthrow of existing systems and institutions, but in the removal of the abuses which have been allowed to creep in and develop.

That is, it was emphasized that the basic cause of the present depression, the constant dread of war, the social unrest prevailing, was to be found in the narrow nationalism which has afflicted the peoples of all countries like a universal plague; that it was this narrow nationalism, born out of suspicions and fear, which had destroyed the trade of all nations, weakened their monetary systems, led to the maintenance of excessive armaments, and resulted in the imposition of burdens of taxation beyond the ability of people to pay.

Possibly some of our readers said to themselves: That is all very true, but what can we in Canada do about it? We are only 10,000,000 of people; we are not regarded as a world power, although we are not unimportant part of a great world power, the British Commonwealth of Nations; as a Dominion, however, we can do little to influence world opinion and action; must we, therefore, continue to suffer until other nations forget their suspicions and fears and make up their minds to be sensible; is there nothing we can do to help ourselves?

There are, of course, many minor matters of policy to which Canadians can direct their attention and bring about certain domestic readjustments and improvements. But the basic cause of the trouble is beyond our individual control; it is international in its causes and scope, and it must be dealt with internationally—not by one but by all nations. For example, Canada has just negotiated a new trade treaty with France in an endeavour to improve trade relations between the two countries. Above all things Canada desired to secure a larger market in France for wheat, the greatest single item in our export trade. We could not get it. Why? Because, as Hon. C. H. Cahan, who negotiated the treaty on behalf of Canada, told the House of Commons, "there is not the slightest intention on the part of the French Government to allow foreign wheat to come into France which will interfere with domestic production." And the reason is France's fear of war and her determination to be in a position to feed her own people. And what is true of France is true of Germany, Italy, Spain, and many other European countries to which Canada formerly sold large quantities of wheat. Canada cannot change this attitude, but it can be changed by international action which will remove the threat of war.

It is because our chief hope lies in the international arena that we in Canada, as a great trading nation, have reason to rejoice because of the message addressed by President Roosevelt direct to the heads of all governments throughout the world, kings, presidents and potentates of the forty-four nations to be represented at the World's Economic Conference in London in June, a message that has been hailed as a great document.

We would like to reproduce that message in full, but space will not permit. Having already succeeded in bringing about a world tariff treaty pending the assembling of the London Conference, President Roosevelt in his message called for a further treaty providing that no armed troops whatsoever should hereafter cross any frontier save when a neighbor had offended by breaking her armament agreements. As an immediate goal, the President asked success for the Geneva arms conference and the London economic conference. He called for an agreement that no nation shall increase its existing armaments; he advocated the abolition of all offensive weapons of warfare. Concluding his message, President Roosevelt said:

"Common sense points out that if any strong nation refuses to join with genuine sincerity in these concerted efforts for political and economic peace, the one at Geneva and the other at London, progress can be obstructed and ultimately blocked. In such event the civilized world, seeking both forms of peace, will know where the responsibility for failure lies. I urge that no nation assume such a responsibility, and that all the nations joined in these great conferences translate their professed policies into action. This is the way to political and economic peace. I trust that your government will join in the fulfillment of these hopes."

Canada will be represented at the London Economic Conference by Premier Bennett and he will have the united support of 10,000,000 Canadians in standing unitedly with President Roosevelt and Premier Ramsay MacDonald in their great effort to save the world. That Mr. Bennett will take such a stand there is no question. He can be depended upon, as any Canadian prime minister could be depended upon, to throw the whole weight of this Dominion's influence into the scale for world peace, economic and political.

In this great effort the United States and Canada will be one. There will be no dividing lines between them. For over a century neither country has maintained any offensive force against the other, and because such offensive forces did not exist there was no need for either country to erect fortifications along the boundary or maintain defensive forces. Remove the danger of offence, as President Roosevelt says in his message, and no need exists for defensive forces.

Canada and the United States offer an object lesson to the world. Let that object lesson be driven home to the nations of Europe. The countries of North America are not suspicious of each other, do not fear each other. One prospers when the other prospers. The same can be made true of Europe. The youthful nations of the new world are showing the way to the more ancient nations of the old world. May they succeed in their great task.

No Market For Cars

Taxes on gasoline amounting to twenty-four cents a gallon, plus other fees, have resulted in 16,500 Vienna automobile owners turning in their license plates in three months. The second-hand car market is glutted and new cars can't be sold.

According To Law

George Warner, of no home, was sent to prison for two years at Maidstone on a charge of house-breaking. Next day it was found that, in law, he had not broken into the house. He had just raised a window already partly open. He was set free.

Was So Short Of Breath Could Not Lie Down To Sleep

Mrs. P. J. Chernoff, Shores, B.C., writes: "I had been so troubled with shortness of breath I could not lie down to sleep. I couldn't do any hard work, or climb the stairs, and had nervous and smothering feelings, and became very weak. I tried all kinds of medicine, but could get no relief until after I had taken three boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and since then I have felt better in every way."



For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Good Thing For World

If China and Japan Would Form An Entente

A Sino-Japanese entente would be no bad thing for the world. Once Japanese trade with China started again, pressure enough would be brought to bear on the militarists to do nothing to create new disturbance. Trade breeds more trade, and Hong Kong would have its share of such revival. If Japan has full play in China she will cease to cause trouble elsewhere, and a beneficial use will be found for her energies and ambitions. Of a military alliance between the two there is no practical danger. As well might the world fear lest Britain raise an army of a hundred millions from India! Immediate peace in the Far East cannot be expected. The sea is not easily stilled after a typhoon. But the country is war-weary, both of civil and foreign strife, and if the Chinese people are set upon peace and good order, they will make an end of war lords who have exploited them in times of precarious peace, and failed them in face of the foreign aggressor.—Hong Kong Press.

Greenland Sinking Into Sea

Settlements Of Early Vikings Now Covered By Water
Greenland is sinking into the ocean. Professor Vogt of Norway Technical University, Trondheim, says the sinking is shown plainly, and takes place at the rate of 58 centimeters a century.

In the summer of 1931, Professor Vogt headed an expedition to south-east Greenland. Measuring the shoreline and comparing the results with the measures of other expeditions, he discovered that the 2,500 meters glacier, which covers the big island, causes a pressure that makes the mainland of Greenland sink in the ocean.

Settlement of the early Norwegian vikings are today covered by water. The burial ground of the vikings at Eivjovnes is an evidence for the correctness of his theory, Professor Vogt declared.

Harrowing Tale

Master Locksmith Trapped In Sunken Vessel At Bottom Of North Sea
Charles Courtney, master locksmith, was back in New York from his mystery trip to Europe, his hair several shades whiter, his left wrist in a plaster cast and his right side swathed in bandages.

Still visibly nervous when he arrived, he explained his injuries by a harrowing tale of being trapped for nearly an hour at the bottom of the North Sea in search for treasure aboard the British cruiser Hampshire, sunk with Earl Kitchener in the war.

There was jubilation among the crew of the salvage ship when 415,000 of gold was brought on deck and plans were immediately made to further search for the £2,000,000 in gold reputedly carried by H.M.S. Hampshire.

No Pay Cut

Judges Over 75 Years Of Age May Continue On Bench At Regular Salaries

Judges of the superior and supreme courts of the provinces who are over 75 years of age may continue on the bench at their regular salaries.

The bill designed to make such judges retire on pension at that age or, if they continued in office, to have their salaries reduced to what their pension would be, was defeated in the senate on second reading by a vote of 17 to 11. All the Liberal senators present voted against the measure, as did three Conservatives, Senators A. D. McRae, J. S. McLennan and C. P. Beaulieu.

The bill had already passed the House as a government measure. The bill was debated in the senate, when Sir Allen Aylesworth opposed it as a breach of faith.

Boy Scouts "Copper Trail"

Covered 4,939 Feet On Saskatchewan Streets and Netted Boys \$738.75
Saskatchewan boy scouts' "copper trail," an odd method of raising funds, netted the kids 4,939 feet of coppers, amounting to \$738.75.

They found there were more small coppers in existence than large ones. White lines were painted on two streets and the people placed their donations on them. Shovels were used to scoop them up at the end of the day. There were 58,405 small ones and 15,473 large ones, weighing a total of 694.06 pounds. There were only 23 coins of doubtful value.

The biggest monument in the world is being erected in Germany.

RUNS UPSTAIRS AT 92

Daughter's Pride In Active Father

"I feel in duty bound," writes Mrs. J. W. "to express my gratitude for the marvelous results my father has obtained from Kruschen. They should really be called "Miracles." He is ninety-two, is old and, as is fit as a fiddle. He can climb about, and run up and down stairs. His friends marvel why if he is always alert, and never feels slack. He always tells them that his "regular daily dose of Kruschen Salts every morning." We always recommend Kruschen Salts to all our friends. To my idea no family should be without it." —(Mrs.) A. J. T.

Most people grow old long before their time because they neglect one vital need of health—the need for internal cleanliness. Eventually they start the healthy Kruschen habit. Then they start getting rid every day of all waste matter from the system. New, healthy blood goes coursing through the veins. And almost immediately they feel their youth has returned; they feel young, energetic and happy. In a word, they've got that famous "Kruschen Feeling."

Lake Freight Situation

Order Fixing the Maximum Rate Is Suspended

Pending further consideration of the lake freight situation, the board of grain commissioners suspended an order fixing the maximum rate for carrying wheat from the head of the lakes to Montreal, Sorel and Quebec, at six cents per bushel. The order was issued on May 5.

The order was made to offset discrimination between a six-cent rate to Sorel and Quebec and 6½ cent rate to Montreal. This discrimination has now been removed, the board stated.

It is understood the board is watching progress of legislation now before parliament in respect to the Canadian coastal laws, passing of which would prohibit United States competition in the all-water route to Montreal. When this has been dealt with it is understood the whole freight situation will be gone into.

Canadian Goat Society

Holds Annual Meeting

Inquiries Received Indicate Good Demand From Prairie Provinces

The Canadian Goat Society held its 16th annual meeting recently in Victoria, B.C., with representative breeders in attendance. It was shown that though business had been quiet during the past year, registrations and transfers of pedigrees of pure bred stock had been well maintained and membership showed a slight increase.

The chief business of the meeting was the adoption of a new constitution embodying the requirements of the new Live Stock Pedigree Act.

Judging by enquiries already received from the prairie provinces there is a good demand for goats, but the prices offered are so low that there is little in the business.

Rely On Prairie West

Greatest Influx Of Settlers Occurred When Wheat Prices Were Low

"While it is true that all agricultural prices are still away below the figures of a few years ago, may I remind you that the prairie west received its greatest influx of settlement in the pre-war decade with wheat prices ranging from 65 cents to \$1 f.o.b. Fort William," declared John M. Imrie, managing-editor of The Edmonton Journal, in an address before the annual meeting of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association. "To those settlers \$1 wheat was the pot of gold at the end of the rainbow. It is true that costs were low, but during the past three years there has been a tremendous reduction in production costs."

Russia Out For Record

The society for air and chemical defence in Moscow, Russia, is planning an ascent into the stratosphere. Members hope to better the record of Professor Felix Filin, who has attained heights of more than ten miles in two ascents.

Trinidad expects any change in trade activity to be upward.

YOUR LIVER'S MAKING YOU FEEL OUT OF SORTS

Wake up your Liver Bile

—No Colored needed

When you feel blue, depressed, sour on the world, that's your liver which isn't pouring its daily two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels. Digestion and assimilation are being slowed up, food is accumulating and doing you little good and making you feel wretched. New bile from the little oil, mineral water, laxative candy or chewing gum, or any other liver stimulant. Carter's Little Liver Pills are the only pills that will do the job. Buy them by name. Refuse substitutes. 50c. at all druggists.

Summer Cruises

Intriguing Sea Voyages Planned By Cunard and Anchor Lines

No less than 23 summer cruises have been scheduled by the Cunard and Anchor Lines for this season. These cruises will all sail from New York and the services will use eight of the Lines' steamers.

The "Franconia," celebrated for her World Cruises, will make two cruises to the Canadian North Cape and one to the South, the first sailing from New York on July 29th. The itinerary includes the Saguenay River, Quebec, Murray Bay, and Bermuda. This cruise will be repeated on August 26th in each case calling at Boston both ways. The southward cruise leaves New York on August 19th for Cuba, allowing three days in Havana, a full day in Nassau and two days in St. Thomas.

The "Mauretania" will make five fast cruises to the West Indies this summer, sailing from New York on July 8th, 22nd, August 5th, 22nd, and September 9th. Each cruise will last 12½ days and cover 5,000 miles. The ports visited will include Port of Spain, Trinidad, La Guaira for Caracas, Venezuela, Willemstad, Curaçao, Colon, Panama, and Havana, Cuba.

The "Mauretania" admits the Leeward and Windward Islands on her way to Trinidad. The annual North Cape cruise operated in connection with Raynham and Whitcomb, will sail from New York on July 1st, calling at Iceland, North Cape, Hammerfest, Norwegian fjords, Bergen, Oslo, Copenhagen, Zoppot, Kisby, Stockholm, Leningrad for Moscow, St. Petersburg in Germany, and Cherbourg. The cruise lasts 42 days in the "Carlinia."

The "Aquilania" is also scheduled for a couple of week-end cruises to Nova Scotia, the first being on the week-end of the 4th of July and the second for the Labour Day week-end. Another cruise leaves New York on July 1st for a 32-day round-trip to Europe, calling at Cork, London, Hamburg, for Brin, Rotterdam for Holland, Havre for Paris, and back to New York.

Other summer cruises of Cunard and Anchor Lines include six 12½-day trips to the Saguenay, Quebec, Murray Bay and Bermuda, covered by the "Transylvania" and "California," two cruises to Nassau and Havana by the "California"; two Labour Day cruises to Nova Scotia by the "Transylvania" and "California"; and two cruises to St. Thomas, St. John, and Caledonia.

In addition the "Tuscania" has been chartered by the Bible Conference Association for a cruise to Nassau and Havana, leaving New York on June 24th. Although the cruise is open to the general public, it will differ from other cruises in that there will be no dancing, no open bars and no theatrical entertainment. Bible class sessions will be held three times a day. It possesses many ideal features for people who do not care for the livelier type of cruise. On the Cunard-Anchor cruises there will be concerts, night clubs, bridge contests and all that goes to make a vacation cruise something to remember.

C.P.R. Official Dies

F. W. Peters Was the Oldest Official Still Holding Office

F. W. Peters, 73, the oldest official of the Canadian Pacific Railway still holding office, died at his home in Vancouver recently.

From 1903 until 1908 he was assistant freight traffic manager of western lines with headquarters at Winnipeg, and in 1908 became assistant to the vice-president of western lines. In 1912 he returned to Vancouver as general superintendent of the British Columbia division.

He is survived by his wife, the former Gertrude Wynyard Hurd, of Toronto, whom he married in 1904; a brother, T. L. Peters, of Victoria, B.C., and two sisters, Mrs. H. C. Hannington, of Quebec, and Mrs. W. Morse, Ottawa.

People Prefer Pork

Popular Preference Does Not Preclude Poultry

Pork is the Canadian standby in meats, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The per capita consumption in 1932 was 91 pounds, which was greater than the consumption of all other meats combined, including poultry. Beef consumed amounted to 56 pounds per capita, mutton and lamb about seven pounds, and poultry 11 pounds.

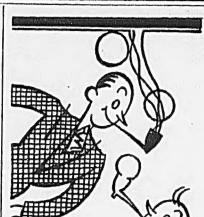
Total consumption of eggs was 297,868,539 dozen, or 28 dozen per capita, as compared with 29 dozen in the previous year.

Gave Orders To Mussolini

Herr Karl Rainer, an architect, who once employed Signor Mussolini as a bricklayer before the latter rose to political fame, has died in Vienna, Austria. Herr Rainer then was in charge of construction on the Castle of Woerther, and Mussolini was one of the masons.

Automatic machines being installed in street cars of Edinburgh, Scotland, enable conductors to print tickets as they are needed.

Practically any wild grass will serve, in one stage or another as food for stock.



The Birth of Elation.

Ah! Now you're smoking! You're pipe happy. You've discovered Ogden's Cut Plug, a tobacco that's made for your pipe, made to pack right, to light right, to burn sweet and cool to the very last puff.

You said it . . . a mighty likeable pipe tobacco . . . Ogden's Cut Plug. And every pipeful will be just as good as the first one. Ogden's quality never changes.

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

If you "roll your own," use Ogden's fine cut cigarette tobacco and Chantrel cigarette papers

Prizes In Arts

Canadian Artists Recognized For Work At Philadelphia Exhibition

Canadian artists took a major share of awards in a fine arts exhibition held as an opening feature of the annual conference of the Association of Junior Leagues of America, Inc., at Philadelphia.

Mrs. G. K. Trim, of Montreal, won the first prize in the drawings section. In the exhibition of culture charts, the Winnipeg League was awarded second prize behind the first award given Hartford, Conn.

Honorable mention was accorded Miss E. Hart-Gerald, of Toronto, for her exhibit in the portraits and landscape section.

A Lonely Parish

Missionary To The Penal Settlement On Devil's Island

White-haired Father Goutray is on his way from France to be the first Bishop of French Guiana, which includes the dreaded Devil's Island, the penal settlement. The bishop's flock will include about 4,000 murderers and habitual criminals serving long terms. Only one cargo boat a month stops at Cayenne. Father Goutray, who has spent 25 years as a missionary, says he will live the same hard life as his flock, and he plans to know each man individually.

Canada is a generous country. She taught New Zealand how to establish the dairy industry, and Marquis wheat was a gift from heaven to the Argentine.

Italy is boosting taxes on matches.



W. N. U. 1995

Greatest Reindeer Trek In The History Of The Arctic Regions Is Now Nearing An End

Greatest reindeer trek in Arctic history nears its end.

Its story is a thrilling saga. Lapp and Eskimo reindeer punchers battled cold and blizzards and starvation and wolves for three and a half years in a mercy quest which will mean permanent food supplies for dwindling Eskimo population of the northern rim of Canada.

It now looks as if 3,000 reindeer, a sturdy animal easily domesticated, will be successfully delivered at the government's new reindeer reserve east of the Mackenzie delta early next year.

Back in 1926 the plight of the Canadian Eskimos reached a point where Ottawa decided the northern native must have permanent food supplies. Eskimos faced decimation. Caribou migration had taken heavy toll. Porcillo brothers, two Arctic biologists, were employed to survey Canadian reindeer ranching prospects. They finally recommended an area 15,000 square miles in size, just east of the Mackenzie's great northern delta. There deer moss abounds and many other natural advantages were reported.

Three years later, when investigations were complete, Ottawa contracted with Lomen brothers, Alaskan reindeer pioneers, for delivery of 3,000 Alaskan deer. The Lomen firm was offered \$60 each for deer delivered on the Mackenzie reserve.

Within six months a herd of 3,000 healthy animals had been rounded up in the Buckland Valley on the west coast of Alaska, fully 1,800 miles by coast line from the northern Canadian border. The herd started its slow trek east, with native herders and sturdy shepherd dogs following a route fixed by an aeroplane survey. They thought they could reach Canada in a year and a half. Already three years and a half have passed and it will be another year before the herd is delivered at the reserve.

Skiing reindeer punchers more than once faced death.

They took their wives and children with them.

One child died.

They had 3,000 adult deer when they started.

Wolves, storms and pressing food needs cut 1,000 from that total. But sturdy skiers reached Canadian territory this spring with 2,000 of the original herd and 300 young deer.

Wolves frequently cut into the big herd, killed off 100 deer in one winter. Wolves would raid the herd, kill six or seven animals, stop to devour what they wanted and come back for more.

Two years ago more than 500 reindeer were lost in a storm. Herders pursued them, ran short of food and subsisted for a week on a cup of flour and bits of hard dough scraped from their equipment. It was six months before the lost deer were finally returned to the herd.

Tom Wood, Eskimo camp manager, was lost for three days in a storm. In that country temperatures are often as cold as 70 below zero for days at a time. It is an unpeopled uncharted waste, terror of Eskimo and white explorer alike. Wood faced death. He is a man of intelligence who had been to a mission school in Alaska. His strength ebbing, the Eskimo fell to his knees in the storm.

He prayed to God.

Today he says that, through the storm, he saw the dim figure of a woman.

He struggled to his feet pressed on, found a white trapper's igloo. The trapper's wife, by chance, Alaska stepped outdoors for a few moments and the Eskimo had seen her. She had not seen Wood.

But the Eskimo had seen the woman and feels it was God who answered his prayer.

Eskimos wore reindeer skins throughout the long journey. It is almost impossible to freeze in such clothing. They were forced to ski rapidly to round up straggling deer, found themselves perspiring in sub-zero weather. Their double parkas were damp with perspiration for days but the Eskimos and Lapps pulled through.

It was a terrible trip. Two crews of herders were forced to quit. Now near Herschel Island the herd is in charge of Andrew Bahr, veteran Lapp boss, and Tom Wood, Alaskan Eskimo, camp manager. There are three other Lapp herders and three Eskimos, besides families of Eskimos and Lapps. When they arrived there the Eskimos asked only for hymn books.

W. N. U. 1995

and Bibles. They were glad to be alive.

When the deer reach the new reserve next year the government plans to domesticate the animals, teach Eskimos to take care of them, as farmers would care for work horses or milk cows. The Eskimo has both animals in one, for the reindeer can haul a 200-pound burden and provide a milk supply for the natives as they do in northern Europe and Alaska.

Supervision will be strict so that Eskimos will not kill off the precious herd and, in time, it is expected that farms in the Canadian Arctic will equal those of Norway's far northern Lapplanders.

Burns Without Blaze

Abandoned Texas Coal Mine Smolders For Thirty Years

For 30 years an abandoned coal mine at Cisco, Texas, has a heap of ashes and shale that smokes but never blazes.

Wispes of smoke curl from the ashes and shale near Lake Cisco, two miles from the town. The abandoned mine resembles a dumping ground more than a coal shaft.

Floyd Cooper, Cisco pioneer, believes the tunnel was dug in 1880 by settlers who sought fuel for their homes rather than coal for commercial purposes.

The slag heap is hot with ashes and as treacherous as quick sand. Recent investigators believe the tunnel of the burning mine extends for half a mile under the hill upon which Randolph College is now located.



By Ruth Rogers



THE NEW MODE IS JUST AS KIND TO THE CHILDREN AS THE ADULTS

Any little miss would adore this jumper dress.

It delights in the fact that it is an exact copy of the grown-up model. It is fashioned of a tweedy cotton in navy blue and white.

The tailored blouse chooses white cotton broadcloth.

The circular awaying skirt necessarily attracts much attention with the growing miss, who so loves to feel important in clothes of smart sophistication.

Style No. 187 is designed for sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 8 requires 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material for dress and hat, with 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch material for blouse and 1 1/2 yards of binding.

It's cute carried out in grey linen with a short-sleeved guimpe of yellow linen.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap co. a carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Patient Almost Bosses Job

New Gadget Makes Him Master Of Dentist's Drill

Painless dentistry—almost—with the patient the boss of the job, is the latest gift of science to man.

With the new gadget, the patient with the aching bicuspid or rear molar, sits in the dentist's chair holding a remote control switch with which he can shut off the drilling when he desires.

The dentist now becomes a fixture like a radio or victrola to be turned off when he begins to "get on your nerves."

"The remote control has this advantage," J. C. Fortzuber told a group of skeptical practitioners clustered around a working model of the contraption at Atlantic City. "It enables a dentist to render services pleasantly and it enables the nervous patient to keep calm through the knowledge that he can stop the drilling at any time."

"The patient with the confidence inspired by having remote control in his hands screws up so much moral courage that he can stand much more pain than he could without it."

Historic Barracks Removed

Wreckers Raze Building Occupied By Mounties Half Century Ago

Old and rickety, the last building in the group occupied by the Royal North West Mounted Police, at Medicine Hat, back in 1885, has been destroyed.

Fifty years ago it was the officers' mess and stood alone long after fire had destroyed the other police buildings which in their day were the protection of peaceful settlers against roving bands of Indians and border outlaws. The buildings were constructed by the Galt Coal Co. of lumber brought into the settlement shortly after the Canadian Pacific Railway was built to Medicine Hat.

Complement of the police posts at Fort Macleod and Fort Walsh, the officers' mess building just missed being perpetuated as a clubhouse for golfers. It was a bit too distant and the plan was dropped. Now it has been removed and the last of the police buildings has taken its departure.

Using Fifty-Foot Craft

Man Who Crossed Pacific In Chinese Junk Plans Another Trip

Captain Robert Ward, veteran Pacific Ocean navigator who left Victoria last September for Hong Kong by liner, will essay the return journey in a 50-foot sailing craft, now under construction, according to word received.

The route of Captain Ward's trans-Pacific voyage has not yet been determined. It is believed he will take the same course as when he sailed the 65-foot "Coquet" to Victoria from the Orient two years ago. At that time he took a southerly course to Honolulu, calling at a number of South Sea Islands.

Captain Ward is famed for his feat of sailing a Chinese junk across the Pacific to Victoria, thence through the Panama Canal to New York, more than 10 years ago.

Might Come Cheaper

"Your teeth are in bad shape," said the dentist. "You should have a bridge put in at once."

"How much will a bridge cost?"

"About seventy-five dollars."

"Say, doctor, can't I get along with a small culvert?"

More Ships From Churchill

Volume Of Traffic Expected To Exceed That Of Last Year

At least twice as many ships as last year will load at the port of Churchill during the present season, according to information received by the Saskatchewan traffic council at a meeting held in Saskatoon.

Last season 10 boats visited the port. It was announced that the Dalgleish Steamship Company had now arranged for the first boat, the S.S. Pennyworth to load at Glasgow July 17, Newcastle-on-Tyne July 25, and at Antwerp July 28. The company expressed willingness to open the season one month earlier than last year if the underwriters were willing to extend the open dates for hull and machinery insurance in the same manner as Lloyd's were willing to underwrite import and export cargo.

Regarding ocean freight rates to Churchill, announcement was made that the Dalgleish Company was prepared to accept the same ocean rates from British and continental points as now applied to Montreal. This was the same arrangement as was made last year.

The relation of the reduced marine insurance rates recently obtained by the Saskatchewan government contract by negotiation with Lloyd's to the development of export traffic in flour, millstuffs, livestock and packing house and dairy products was considered by the council.

Import tonnage of various commodities during the coming season was considered in detail. The opinion of the meeting was that the total volume of import traffic would considerably exceed the 1932 tonnage.

George H. Smith, traffic representative of the Hudson Bay Route, who acted as secretary of the meeting also reported that arrangements were being completed to take care of anticipated large movement of livestock through Churchill to Birkenhead and Cardiff markets.

New Light On Evolution

Discover Brain Of Gorilla Of Very High Type

Discovery in a gorilla of a brain of higher type than ever before found in an animal—neither the human brain weight than any similar ape's brain on record—was announced by the Smithsonian Institution.

It sheds new light on the evolution of the animal brain upward toward the human level, thought giving no direct evidence of relationship of men and monkeys. The brain belonged to Otero, little three-year-old baby gorilla, that died several months ago at the Washington zoo. It was studied by Dr. C. J. Connolly, of Catholic University of America.

Canadians Are Healthy

Record Health Year In Canada In 1932

The year 1932 was a record health year in Canada, in the face of increasingly unfavorable business conditions. This is indicated by the very low death rate, which prevailed among nearly 1,250,000 Canadians insured in the industrial department of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. This large cross-section of the Canadian population gives a true health picture of the population in general, it was said. The death rate of these insured Canadians last year was 7.7 per 1,000, a decline of 4.3 per cent. from the previous minimum recorded in 1931.

Aeroplanes Will Be Used In A New War To Be Waged In Effort To Exterminate Locusts

Old Practice Becomes New

Need Of Ined Grits In Poultry Rations Again Stressed

Some times old practices become new again. That can be said of the use of insoluble grits in the poultry rations. For a time there was a swing away from the use of insoluble grits, authorities claiming that because it did not dissolve in the crop, gizzard or intestine of the chicken it had no value and should be omitted from the ration. Only soluble stones that furnished lime or other minerals were recommended.

Now it has become evident that chickens must have a hard grit if they are to do well. That does not mean that minerals are not needed in the ration, but it does mean that a hard grit must also be provided. This is especially true with chickens raised in confinement where they cannot possibly pick up stones and rock fragments from the soil of the range.

The insoluble grit acts as teeth for the chickens in the gizzard. It helps to grind up food and therefore has a tendency to prevent crop bound conditions. The presence of the grit makes the gizzard hard and muscular insuring a healthy action of the nitre system.

Strange Coincidence

Wheat Loader Gets Same Car Twice On Different Occasions

K. H. Johnson, Alberta wheat pool agent at Courich, is wondering when it is going to happen again.

On August 23, 1932, Johnson loaded a railway car, No. 504457, with No. 2 wheat for Vancouver. On September 27, 1932, he was loaded No. 2 wheat again for Vancouver when he noticed it was car No. 504457.

Co-incidence it might have been, but now Johnson is talking about his "double." He loaded car No. 504485 with No. 2 wheat for Vancouver January 9. And a few days ago car No. 504485 came back again to be loaded with No. 2 wheat for Vancouver.

Odds against the same car returning to the same shipping point to be loaded with the same wheat for same destination in the same crop year are in the thousands.

Amateur Broadcasting

Simplified Method Of Sending Messages Developed In France

An automatic radio, immensely simplifying the process of sending messages, has been developed in France. The apparatus can be operated by anyone knowing how to read, obviating the necessity of a trained wireless operator. It works by means of knobs, which are turned like the knobs on a radio receiving set. The letters of the alphabet and various signals are printed on a dial turned by a knob, messages thus being spelled out.

The rat population of the world is estimated at 10,000,000,000 as compared to some 2,000,000,000 human beings.

The pineapple will not grow where the frost bites.

Russia estimates that its present population is 127,000,000.

In a fresh war which science is waging against locusts, the insect pests whose such widespread destruction, the speed of air transport is now playing a valuable part.

Experts at the British war office chemical department on Salisbury Plain are studying methods by which locust swarms may be exterminated while on the wing, and it was in connection with these experiments, just lately, that it was desired to chain as quickly as possible a considerable number of live locusts.

To meet this demand the government of Kenya shipped several crates of insects to London by Imperial Airways. Only seven days after leaving Nairobi, the locusts were unloaded at the London airport, and were sent immediately to the research laboratories on Salisbury Plain.

Here it was found that though a certain number had died on the journey, there were sufficient left alive to provide material for a number of important tests, during some of which the insects were placed in wind-tunnels and subjected to a spraying treatment with creosote, and also with sodium arsenite dust.

The idea of the present experiment is to discover improved methods for dealing with the locust plague in Africa, and more particularly to evolve methods whereby aeroplanes can attack locusts when they are on the wing and destroy them by releasing clouds of chemicals which are found to be most deadly in their effect. African administrations are collaborating actively in this new campaign, which is a matter of considerable importance to them, seeing that during the past few years it is reckoned the damage caused by locusts had amounted to more than £6,000,000.

Result Of Old Feud

Embittered Forest Dwellers In England Blamed For Fires

It is said that the constantly recurring fires in Ashdown Forest are the result of a feud that dates from the time of Henry the Eighth, who gave the peasant grazing and other forest rights for tending the deer he hunted.

The feud is being waged, according to the many people who have been spoken to, by embittered forest dwellers.

These men feel that the forest is their heritage, and the property owners are gradually taking it away from them. They are fighting for it with fire.

They have lit fires in Ashdown Forest for many years, but recent abnormally dry weather has given the fire-raisers greater opportunities for destruction this year.

Nearly 2,000 acres belonging to wealthy people have been at slight during the past few weeks. Ashdown Forest covers approximately 7,500 acres.

A reporter discussed the motives for each fire, and discovered specific reasons in each case.

One of the Ashdown Forest conservators who spoke of the feud declared:

"In the olden days many smugglers hid in the forest and spent their lives defying law and order. The same spirit seems to live on.

"These fires are being lit through sheer 'cussedness.' The board of conservators represents the parliament of Ashdown Forest and administers law and order. It is therefore the natural enemy of the men of the forest, and is defied."

Butter Conference Suggested

Suggestion that a conference between Canadian and New Zealand representatives of affected interests be held in New Zealand in an attempt to iron out difficulties concerning the importing of butter from the southern domain into Canada, was made in a resolution adopted by the annual meeting of the British Columbia division of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association in Vancouver.

Inquiry From Jamaica

A letter was received recently by the Regina Board of Trade from Kingston, Jamaica, asking if any Saskatchewan factories could quote prices on orange crates knocked down into bundles. "If they make egg boxes they can surely make orange crates," says the letter.

Vegetables are being dried by a new process in Sweden to preserve essential vitamin contents.

SOVIET TRADE DELEGATION LEAVES ENGLAND



Two hours after the British engineers from Russia reached England the Russian Trade Delegation in London left for Moscow without being able to arrange a new trade pact with the British Government. The group above shows the Soviet Ambassador to England, M. Malsky, on the extreme left, while the head of the delegation, M. Ozerski, is shown holding a bouquet of flowers.

A NEW SPIRIT OF OPTIMISM FOR ARMS PARLEY

Washington.—A new spirit of optimism for success at the arms and economic conferences at Geneva and London was noted privately by American officials as they analyzed reactions to the momentous declarations of President Roosevelt and Chancellor Hitler, of Germany and laid plans for their next moves.

From eight more nations, including Germany and Italy, the United States president received replies to his appeal for disarmament and peace. They brought to 20 the number of sovereigns and presidents who have replied to the cablegram addressed to the rulers of 54 countries.

King George graciously acknowledged receipt of the message, adding that he had communicated it to governments of the British empire's component parts.

President Paul von Hindenburg's message was noted particularly because of the key position occupied by his country, with France, in the Geneva arms discussion.

"This declaration, in which you show the world the way to eliminate the international crisis, has met with hearty approval throughout Germany," Hindenburg's acknowledgment said.

In a note understood to convey the views of Premier Mussolini, the Italian government said it was ready to join United States and other countries in bringing about realization of the president's plan, "in the most expeditious and efficient way."

The next move by United States in the arms situation is expected to be made at Geneva.

Pay Homage To Loyalists

Premier Bennett Visits New Brunswick For Celebration

Saint John, N.B.—Canada's prime minister came to his native New Brunswick and joined the city of Saint John in paying homage to the United Empire Loyalists who landed on these shores 150 years ago. The sesqui-centennial celebration meant a day of intense activity for Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett from the time of his arrival in the morning until he returned for Ottawa at night.

It was a public holiday in New Brunswick, but observance on a large scale was confined to Saint John, where the first great number of Loyalists from New York landed May 18, 1783. The prime minister, a Loyalist descendant and honorary president of the New Brunswick Loyalist Society, received the freedom of the city, reviewed military and naval units on parade, and was the principal speaker at an indoor public meeting.

Says No Election

Premier Henry Says No Appeal To Ontario Electors In June

Toronto, Ont.—Brief announcement was made by Premier George S. Henry that the Ontario Government would not appeal to the electors in June of this year. "No, we are not going next month," was the Henry declaration.

Notwithstanding the Henry statement, the newspaper says there is every indication around parliament buildings, however, that the wheels of preparation for an election are beginning to gather speed.

Threw a Bomb

Attempt Is Made To Assassinate Chinese Envoy

Tientsin, China.—An attempt was made to assassinate Hwang Fu, representative of the National government at Nanking, by a Chinese who threw a bomb as Hwang arrived at the railroad station.

Hwang, reported to be slated as minister to north China from the Nanking government, was unharmed, but his assailant was slightly injured by the blast.

The Chinese said he was a political enemy of Hwang.

Limit On Appointments

Ottawa, Ont.—Appointments made by the radio commission will continue only until March 31, 1934, according to an amendment which Prime Minister R. B. Bennett suggested to the government radio bill. They may be renewed when that date is reached.

South Africa faces a wheat shortage.

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Plans World Flight

Wiley Post Will Make Solo Attempt To Circle Globe

Oklahoma City.—Wiley Post, co-holder of the round-the-world flight record, announced that he would take off about July 1 in a solo attempt to lower the mark.

A stop is planned at Edmonton, Alberta.

The flight, Post said, will be made in the "Winnie Mae," in which he and Harold Gatty flew around the globe in eight days, 15 hours and 51 minutes in June, 1931. The plane will carry a new motor.

"I am simply going out to set a new record, my personal ambition," was Post's only comment. "I will have no backer, no manager and no partners."

Instead of a human companion, Post will be aided by a robot which he has been testing for several weeks. Post expects the robot to relieve him of much of the work of flying, leaving him free to navigate and rest.

Under plans announced, the route would be much the same as that followed by Post and Gatty. Post would leave from New York with the intention of making a direct non-stop 3,900-mile flight to Berlin. He then would make a 4,300-mile jump over Russia, which probably would be broken at 2,600 miles for re-fueling.

From Russia he plans to fly 2,200 miles over water and ice to Fairbanks, Alaska, and then 1,450 miles to Edmonton and 2,100 miles back to New York.

The rebuilt plane will have a cruising speed of about 170 miles an hour and top speed of 225 miles an hour.

Ban On Titles

Claim Rule Is Not Binding On His Majesty's Government In Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—It is the considered view of the government that the 1919 motion with respect to honors adopted "by a majority vote of the members of the House of Commons" of the 13th parliament, is not binding upon his majesty, or his majesty's government in Canada, or on the 17th parliament. Premier R. B. Bennett told the House of Commons.

The promotion of Sir George Peley in the Order of St. Michael and St. George, the premier said, was in accordance with established constitutional practice.

Among parliamentarians the general interpretation of the government's reply is that Canadians are not precluded from receiving titles in the New Year honor list, the king's birthday or similar occasions.

The answer was in reply to a question by Joseph Mercier (Lib., Laurier-Outremont). Mr. Mercier asked: "Do the recent decorations granted in the Order of St. Michael and St. George and in the Order of St. Gregory the Great, mean that Canadians holding titles in any order may now accept promotions in the same order as such promotions do not carry any rank or title."

Will Not Resign

Premier Bennett Says Government Will Not Resign Over Senate

Ottawa, Ont.—The government will not resign because of the defeat in the senate of the bill to amend the Judges' act, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett said in answer to S. W. Jacobs (Lib., Cartier), in the House.

Mr. Jacobs harked back to the statement in the House some days ago by Mr. Bennett in respect to the railway bill, when he said that if the government dismissed any of the proposed Canadian National trustees, and the senate refused to co-operate in a joint action to make the dismissals statutory, he would resign. He asked if the action of the senate would have the same effect.

"I have no such intention," he prime minister replied, "nor did I ever intend it should be so, except in the case of a joint resolution."

Get Jail Term

Denison, Iowa.—Twelve men arrested at a farm sale here April 28, pleaded guilty in district court recently, to charges of contempt of court and resisting services of a court process. Judge Homer A. Fuller sentenced each defendant to one year in the state penitentiary on the resistance charge, but issued bench paroles.

Duties On Strawberries

Ottawa, Ont.—Twenty cents per pound will be added to the value for duty of strawberries imported into Canada from May 25 to July 31, inclusive, when entered under the intermediate or general tariff, it was announced by the department of national revenue.

Former Inspector Sentenced

Crime Career Of C.N. Employee In Alberta Is Revealed

London, Eng.—An astonishing career was revealed at Old Bailey, when Arthur Hay, aged 45, former inspector of the Canadian National Railways was sentenced to three years penal servitude when found guilty, of thefts of suitcases from railway trains in all parts of the country, containing property valued at nearly \$15,000.

It was stated Hay was followed 3,000 miles by a railway detective. Among vicissitudes Hay was stated to have been convicted of stealing in 1908, in England, after which he went to South America and worked on a rubber plantation. He joined the Royal Northwest Mounted Police and later served in the Dardanelles during the war.

In 1927 he went to Australia, where he was sentenced to jail for thefts in Melbourne, Sydney and Brisbane. He was also sentenced to six months' imprisonment in Manchester in 1931 for stealing \$10,000 worth of jewelry.

ACREAGE CUT TO SOLVE THE WHEAT PROBLEM

Geneva, Switzerland.—The wheat conference held here during the past week, attended by delegates from Canada, Australia, United States and the Argentine, has adjourned.

It is believed representatives of the four great wheat exporting countries agreed to the principle of a 10 per cent. reduction of acreage and regulation of exports. The official communiqué issued, however, merely states the committee hopes to frame definite proposals after its second meeting in London a few days before the world economic conference.

"The communiqué goes on: 'As the wheat crisis grows worse, it is being realized more and more clearly that it can only be combated by international understanding.'"

Referring to measures taken by the main importing countries to maintain home prices, the communiqué states prices in certain of these countries are, in some cases, three and four times as high as world prices.

"Judging from the disastrous price level, it might be thought," continues the communiqué, "there was enormous over-production, but a comparison and analysis of figures of production and consumption shows annual surpluses do not represent the difference in quantity which might be expected in view of the remarkable drop in prices."

The experts thoroughly examined the question of limitation of production and possibly of exports, together with liquidation of stocks, and will resume conversations in London, May 29, after consulting with their governments.

It is thought progress has already been made, and it is hoped definite conclusions may be reached in London. The communiqué concludes: "Compared with the London wheat conference of 1931, the present meeting admits a new element of great importance, namely: that on the American side there is now definite signs of possibility of legal co-operation."

REHEARSING FOR THE ROYAL TOURNAMENT



Here we see members of the Royal Navy and Royal Marines rehearsing the field gun display at Whale Island in preparation for the Royal Tournament to be held at Olympia, London. Our picture shows four of the team swiveling the gun trail across an imaginary thirty-foot chain.

MENTIONED FOR BOARD



Justice Charles P. Fullerton, who is mentioned as a possible choice for the new Canadian National Railways Board of Trustees.

Uniform Federal Relief

Premier Bracken Wants Western Provinces To Make Joint Representations

Winnipeg, Man.—That the three prairie provinces present a combined front to the Dominion Government in the hope of obtaining a uniform federal relief policy, is the hope of Premier John Bracken of Manitoba.

Mr. Bracken following a conference between the provincial government and representatives of Manitoba municipalities, which declared unemployed are growing in numbers and that increased aid from Ottawa is essential, declared he would wire the premiers of Alberta and Saskatchewan, suggesting the three provinces make joint representations to the Dominion Government.

Reviewing relief work since 1930, Premier Bracken said 90,000 people now are on relief in Manitoba. More than 60,000 of these were in Winnipeg and St. Boniface, the province's largest cities. Number on relief had increased 40,000 in the past year, he said.

Motion Defeated

Move To Ban German Goods From Britain Is Rejected

London, Eng.—A move in the House of Commons to prohibit the entry of German goods into Great Britain under the international sanctions clause of the League of Nations covenant was abandoned after an eloquent appeal by Sir Austen Chamberlain.

Geoffrey Mander, National Liberal in Commons, requested a bill to authorize the prohibition of German goods and spoke for five minutes in defence of the proposal.

Sir Austen arose in a tense atmosphere and to the accompaniment of approving cheers appealed to Mander to withdraw the measure, telling him that such steps should be taken only in an emergency and that it was the government's province to decide when an emergency existed.

Mander withdrew the bill.

Alberta Farmer Killed

Carmangay, Alberta.—Frank Hubka, 65, pioneer farmer of southern Alberta, and his daughter, Miss Mary Hubka, were killed instantly at Peacock, Alberta, five miles south of here when the car in which they were driving was struck by a northbound Canadian Pacific Railway passenger train.

Penny Saving

Economy In Civil Service Could Save Millions

Ottawa, Ont.—The importance of guarding petty expenditures in the civil service was stressed by Watson Sellar, comptroller of the treasury, finance department, in the course of an address before the civil service branch of the Canadian Legion here.

"If each of 20,000 civil servants were to undertake to perform his or her duties every day in such a way that the operating cost per employee was reduced five cents a working hour, the saving would take care of over \$40,000,000 of debt," he said.

GERMANY READY TO CO-OPERATE IN PEACE PLAN

Berlin, Germany.—Chancellor Hitler trumpeted Germany's demand for equality in armaments and announced Germany's readiness to co-operate with other nations in guaranteeing international security and tranquility in a pronouncement before the Reichstag.

"There is but one great task before the world, namely, to secure the peace of the world," the Nazi chieftain asserted in an address which, while stoutly reaffirming Germany's "right to live" on equal terms with other peoples, was marked by obvious moderation.

The German chancellor roundly scored the Versailles treaty but pledged his government to abide by it until some better instrument should be found to replace it.

He said he considered Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald's arms plan a starting point for solution of the arms problem.

Hitler, in a speech of peaceful undertone, declared his generation had suffered too much from the inequality of war "to visit the same upon others."

Chancellor Hitler's plan endorsed President Roosevelt's plan for relieving the international crisis and promised co-operation with Mr. Roosevelt's efforts.

The chancellor agreed that without solution of the disarmament problem lasting economic reconstruction is unthinkable.

In behalf of the entire nation, and especially the young Nazi movement, he pledged that Germany would go as far as any nation in disarming, even to the extent of scrapping her whole military equipment provided other powers did the same.

Detailing with figures, the extent of which Germany is disarmed under the treaty of Versailles, and presenting statistics to show that other nations are bristling with armaments, the chancellor demanded rearmament.

"What more concrete security can France want from Germany?" He said Germany any right to security for herself.

The chancellor delivered his momentous pronouncement before a Reichstag crowded with his uniformed followers. Behind him was a vast Versailles banner, and beside it a black, white and red flag.

With great emphasis he declared his government was dedicated to stamping out Communism, providing jobs and re-establishing a stable government. His "Young Germany," he said has the deepest understanding for similar aspirations and for the justified claims to life of other peoples.

Germany, the chancellor said, is ready to join any non-aggression pact in the "realization that the high-minded proposal of the American president to inject the mighty United States as the guarantor of peace in Europe would mean great tranquillization for all who would desire peace."

His government, he pledged, would proceed on no other path except that prescribed in the international treaties, but he asserted Germany would under no circumstances sign any paper which continued her disqualification.

Should such effort nevertheless be made, he warned that Germany would withdraw from international conference and from the League of Nations.

No new European war could mend matters, the chancellor declared, but, on the contrary, even if a resort to force succeeded, the result would only be a greater disturbance of balance, and the germ would be laid for more trouble, misery and distress.

Such madness would end, he predicted, in the complete collapse of the social order as it is known today. He declared that a Europe sunk in Communist chaos would mean a crisis of tremendous extent and duration.

LOAD OF DEBT BEARS HEAVILY ON DOMINION

Ottawa, Ont.—The public debt of Canada, the nine provinces, municipalities and corporations amounts to \$8,850,590,800, the parliamentary banking committee reported to the House of Commons.

This load of debt represents an annual interest charge of \$121,665,893 at an average rate of 4.77 per cent. Containing a number of recommendations, chief of which is one that urges a general conversion of Canada's outstanding obligations at lower interest rates, the report also details the debts of the country and those of the provinces and municipalities.

Canada's net debt (Dominion) was placed at \$2,569,689,000 with the annual interest \$121,637,300.

The gross direct liabilities of the provinces totalled \$1,363,382,464, on which annual interest payments amounted to \$62,715,593, while provincial indirect liabilities added a further \$215,977,011, with \$9,071,034 annual interest.

The grand total of direct liabilities of Canadian municipalities was \$1,684,000,000, on which annual interest payments were \$77,616,000, the report stated.

As at March 31, 1933, bonds guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada for both principal and interest amounted to \$780,148,354, while those guaranteed for interest only totalled \$216,000,000.

Railway debts amounted to \$919,000,000, a figure, however, which as far as the Canadian National Railway is concerned, embraces only that portion of its obligations not guaranteed by the Dominion. The debts of other corporations amounted to \$1,178,000,000.

With regard to private debt, the committee reported the figures available only partially covered the field. However, the census of 1931 ascertained that out of a total of 654,297 owned and partly owned farms in the Dominion, 244,201 were mortgaged to the extent of \$677,684,100. These figures apply only to "owned farms," and to mortgages held by corporate companies.

New Labor Minister For British Columbia

W. M. Dennies Takes Office In Premier Tomin's Cabinet

Victoria, B.C.—William Middleton Dennies, of Vancouver, president of the National Labor Council of the All-Canadian Congress of Labor, has been sworn in as British Columbia Minister of Labor in the Government of Premier S. F. Tomin.

Appointment of Mr. Dennies to the British Columbia cabinet is the first taken by Premier Tomin in the reorganization of the executive council.

The new minister has been a resident of Vancouver for 25 years, and is well known in British Columbia labor circles as a member of the Amalgamated Carpenters of Canada. In 1915 he enlisted in the Canadian Engineers and served overseas throughout the duration of the war. Upon his return to Vancouver, Mr. Dennies was appointed instructor for the soldiers' civil re-establishment board. He has had many years experience in the labor movement and has always taken a keen interest in its problems. Mr. Dennies was born in England.

Business Is Improving

Change According To Report Most Noticeable In West

Toronto, Ont.—Employment and business have been gradually on the upgrade throughout Canada in the last month if expansions reported by the Canadian Press by leading firms reflect conditions.

The most general pick-up is noted in the west where the business expansion of staffs has resulted mainly from activity in the food supply and wearing apparel industries.

Marries Russian Prince

Toronto, Ont.—A Canadian woman, daughter of the millionaire, Robert P. Butchart, of Victoria, B.C., was quietly married to a prince of old Russia in the private chapel at the residence here of Horace Smith. The bride was Mrs. Harry Ross, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Butchart, of Victoria. The groom is Prince Andrei Chir-nik Chilmatoff, son of Princess Olga Chilmatoff, of Paris, France. They met in Paris.

Where Dogs Are Important

Only Domestic Animal Of Unknown Race In Siberia

An unknown race of white people, four hundred strong and almost isolated from the rest of the world, live in the farthest north of the frozen land of Siberia, on the shore of the Arctic Ocean.

They are possibly descendants of marooned Arctic navigators of the sixteenth century, who were lost while questing for the northern route to India.

To the north they are hemmed in by the Polar Sea. Behind them on all sides is a barren, snow-bound, trackless domain, as vast as a continent.

The people can neither read nor write. They have no bread and no means of baking it. They have never seen milk, butter, or beef, for cows and cattle are unknown. They have never seen deer, horses, or fowl—not even a cat.

Potatoes and vegetables are utterly unknown, and only those who have travelled to barter their white fox furs have ever seen a living tree.

Their one domestic animal is the dog. Nowhere else on earth is the dog more important or held in higher regard. For without the sled-dog, life would be utterly impossible to these people.

In the white wilderness of the tundra of the coast even reindeer cannot live. But the dog can be fed on the fish caught in the Indigirka River, along the course of which the settlement extends.

Dogs and their masters live mainly on frozen fish. Even in summer it has but to be buried a foot deep in earth to freeze.

Every family has a team of three or four dogs, and the better-off have teams of from ten to eighteen. They draw the sleds which carry deadwood for fuel and ice from the river and without them, hunting and trapping would be impossible.

A team usually consists of eight or twelve dogs, in pairs, with a single leader, harnessed to a light sled tied together with straps and without a single nail. The leader of the team must understand all orders, and know how to play the part of captain.

Should a white partridge or a white fox rise from the snow and go away as the sled approaches, the entire string of dogs, howling and barking, will start in chase. The leader dashes in the opposite direction, digs in his claws, and pulls the team back.

At the same time he barks loudly, as if making out that the fox or partridge went the other way. A good dog leader is worth a fabulous sum to these poor people—fifty roubles, or five pounds.

No whip is used in driving, but the driver keeps his team keen by continuous cries: "Norakh-norakh!"—to the left; "Poz-za—poz-za!"—forward. The dogs have greater endurance than the reindeer, and can draw a sled fifty miles in a day. Races are sometimes held and a team will gallop a short distance at twenty-five miles an hour.

Once the dogs have been over the ground, they will never lose their way.

Nothing In Old Stories

"Last Spike" Linking C.P.R. Was Probably Plain Iron

The "last spike" that was driven at Craigellachie to mark the linking of the east and west construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway was probably just plain iron—the same as a million other spikes used in the construction.

E. C. Boyes of Craigellachie heard stories about the "last spike" being gold and being removed after the ceremony. Boyes asked the C.P.R. about the spike and what happened to it.

As far as railway officials could learn, Boyes said, the spike was just an ordinary spike. It wasn't even removed immediately after the ceremony but probably disappeared as scrap iron years later when repairs were being made.

Most Everybody Plays

Husbands who have been deserted by wives for bridge parties all winter, remarks St. Thomas Times-Journal, will now get their own back by deserting their wives for golf all summer. It may be noted, says the Kingston Whig-Standard, that quite a few husbands play bridge and that some wives also play golf.

Seeing isn't always believing; one sees lots of people one can't believe.

London paid an average of \$1,600 to its policemen last year.

W. N. U. 1995

SWEEPING REFORMS TO BE MADE IN LONDON POLICE



According to a white paper on police reform published in the British capital, sweeping changes in administration and organization of the London Police Force are expected shortly. Publication of the paper followed sensational charges by Police Commissioner Lord Trenchard of widespread agitation and "insubordination" within the force. The proposals include drastic curtailment of time which police officers will be permitted to spend at meetings of the police federation, the Police Trades Union. This organization was severely criticized by Lord Trenchard. Our pictures show Lord Trenchard on the left, and a group of London "Bobbies" standing under the Marble Arch watching unemployed demonstrations.

Something To Remember

Letters Written On Linen Paper Weigh More In Damp Weather

A wet day is not as good a day to mail a letter as a dry day.

This was demonstrated when preliminaries to a dinner in honor of James Farley, United States postmaster-general, were over. The committee in charge of invitations to the dinner had elaborate invitations printed on choice linen. Enclosed in the envelope was a subscription card mentioning the \$5 for privilege of attending, and a return envelope.

Having some misgivings about the weight of the invitation, the committee took a sample to the post-office and had it weighed. It came within the three-cent stamp requirements. So the invitations were mailed.

The great scientific principle which the committee overlooked, however, was the sample invitation was weighed on a dry day, and the actual mailing done on a wet day.

It was found the linen paper, in accordance with well-known scientific principles concerning linen paper, began absorbing moisture, adding weight. It became overweight.

The post-office department put "Three cents due" stamps on them. The committee felt it had mailed a dry invitation and had a right to expect the post-office department to deliver a dry invitation.

The Ideal Parents

Standard Set Up By Children Not Hard To Reach

Here are the ideal parents: "The mother—she lets the children pass the candy when company comes; she is a good cook and makes a fuss over her children when they cook a meal; she reads to them, plays with them, lets them go to see their friends and lets their friends come to their home; she allows her children to lick the frosting dish, has cookies and candy in the house and asks the youngsters what they like for supper.

"The father—he jokes and plays make-believe, he lets his sons use his tools; he is kind to animals; he plays baseball with the children and is a good batter; he helps the children with their home work; he takes his sons hunting with him; and, he helps his wife."

Those aren't the requisites drawn up by a child expert; they are the mandates of the children themselves as obtained from questionnaires from the students at Thoreau Park School in Padua, a suburb of Cleveland.

Established Quarter Century

Since the University of Alberta was founded at Edmonton 25 years ago, 2,166 students have graduated. Of those still living 1,396 are residing in Alberta, 359 in the other provinces of Canada, 123 in the United States and 37 in other countries.

Helpfulness cannot be standardized. Giving until it hurts is not a true measure of charity. Some are easier hurt than others.

Russian hunting expeditions expect to capture 180 whales and 138,000 seals in Arctic water this season.

Two Hundred Years Old

Harpisichord In Spoil Of Great Age Still Retains Tone

A music-maker of undisputed sweetness, in spite of great age, was recently taken to Montreal. Eight feet long, more than four feet wide and nearly two feet deep, the monster weighs 670 pounds, but for all that finds no difficulty in moving around. Normal heat is required for its well-being and there should be no extremes of temperature. When it is added it is 200 years old, the further information that it is a harpichord will occasion no surprise. It is boxed on runners, and is the property of the Society of Ancient Instruments, National Broadcasting Company. It is travelling with five Frenchmen with Henri Cassadesius in charge. They play on the harpichord, supported by virginals, psalteries, lutes and a number of other 17th century instruments.

Greater Than the King

Abbot of Westminster Once Took Advantage Of Superiority

Dr. Joseph Armitage Robinson, who once dared to cross opinion with King Edward is dead.

As Dean of Westminster Dr. Robinson had been largely responsible for the arrangements of King Edward's coronation. King Edward is said to have had some differences with Robinson over the coronation plans and said "Please remember I am King of England."

To this Dr. Robinson replied "Remember, Sir, I am the Abbot of Westminster." This instance was a reminder that in earlier times the Abbot of Westminster was practically superior to the King.

A model of a honeycomb nearly six feet wide has been installed in the Institute of Bee Research in Berlin, Germany.

Buried With Military Rites

Gallant Old War Horse Was Favorite Of U.S. Marines

The sod is green over a new grave at the navy yard in Portsmouth, New Hampshire. When the gallant warrior lying there was laid to rest, eight rifles cracked a military salute and a bugle rent the morning air.

It is the grave of "Old Tom," gallant old war horse which died at the venerable age of 41. The favorite of the United States marine corps, was born in New York city in 1892, on New Year's Day.

Two years later he "enlisted" with the leathernecks.

During the Spanish-American war, he learned the taste of war and heard the whine of bullets, for "Old Tom" was wounded in a battle.

He recovered, and again saw active service, particularly at Guantanamo and San Juan Hill, where Theodore Roosevelt and his Rough Riders won undying fame.

At Ol' Tom's burial 80 marines rigidly stood at attention; it was these marines who since 1918 paid for his apples, sugar and fine hay that kept him contented and happy until his last days.

Gold Discovery At Coast

Rich Quartz Reported Found On West Coast Of Vancouver Island

Gold-bearing ore has been discovered on the west coast of Vancouver Island, according to word from the British Columbia Department of Mines. The discovery is reported to have been made by prospectors on Herbert Arm near Ahousat. Four hundred pounds of quartz from this vicinity were taken to Vancouver and examined and found to have a surprisingly high gold content.

It has been decided in court that birds have a legal right to nest in trees. This must be a great relief to the birds.

Fragrant Herb Very Useful

Possession Of Mint Was Once Measure Of Wealth

Mint is not a humble plant, although it has come down in the world, for at one time this fragrant herb was the associate of kings and its possession a measure of wealth.

The minst grow wild all over Europe, and the herbal use of different species has been known for centuries. Pliny wrote of it in A.D. 70, and in the days of ancient Rome mint was used as a bath-salt, as a wash to cure headache, and as a herb to spread over the floors of temples and public buildings.

Mint is one of the plants of the Bible, and in the Book of Matthew you may read of the Pharisees paying tithes of mint, anise and cummin. Is it not a downfall that such a plant may now be purchased in bushes for a penny or two?

The spearmint (*mentha viridis*), now used in such large quantities for the production of chewing gum, is a native of many hedgerows. Possibly it was the same species which the Israelites employed for seasoning their food, a custom which has been passed on to the present day. As a seasoning, there are several methods of using mint.

In England we regard mint sauce as essential when lamb is served. In Italy it is often boiled with vegetables, and perhaps it was from the Italians that we learned this method of seasoning.

The peppermint of commerce is obtained from the leaves of *mentha piperita*. It is used in sweets and in medicinal preparations for colds. Menthol also comes from the young leaves of a mint. In fact, there seems to be no end to the uses to which mint has been put.

Just Two Times Two

Farmer's Contract Looked Good But Was Impossible To Fulfill

Early in the eighteenth century a farmer made a contract which he thought was a good one for him. He undertook to deliver for the sum of 55 two grains of rye on the following Monday, four grains a week later, eight grains the week after that, and so on for a year. All went well for some weeks, but presently he found that his final delivery at the end of the year would require more rye than was sown in the whole of England. A lawsuit took place over the contract. What the farmer had not realized was that though twice two are four, two multiplied by itself fifty-two times comes to nearly ten thousand billion. This number of grains of rye would represent about 8,000 million bushels. An acre of rye produces about ten bushels, so one can work out just how many acres would have been required to fulfill the contract. Another famous "two times" case was that of the blacksmith who undertook to shoe a horse for a payment of one farthing for the first nail, a half-penny for the second, a penny for the third, and so on. At first sight this seems quite a reasonable charge—but try working it out!

Profitable Poultry Shipment

Good Prices Obtained In United Kingdom For Manitoba Birds

The 1,000,000 pounds of poultry shipped to the United Kingdom marked early last winter with the assistance of the Canadian Co-operative Poultry Pool actually netted three to four cents a pound higher than the domestic price in Winnipeg or Montreal. This information was imparted to the House of Commons by Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture during consideration of his estimates. The first trial shipment—there were 33 carloads in all—came from Manitoba, and the reception accorded the Canadian poultry in the United Kingdom was exceedingly gratifying. Demands for more Canadian poultry had resulted, added Mr. Weir. The shipments had done untold good in relieving local market conditions. No person, he commented, could give a safe estimate as to the limit the United Kingdom market could absorb.

Only Three Methods

Only three different means have been found to propel ships of any size through the water, the paddle wheel, the screw, and the jet—that is, pumping the water in through the bow and out at the stern and "sucking" the ship along.

Keeps Money Circulating

Business, generally is better. Keep the dollars circulating. You have heard the story, haven't you, of the bogus five-dollar bill which went the rounds and was finally destroyed. It did a lot of effective work while it was circulating.

Gardening Notes

By Gordon Lindsay Smith

Before finally disposing of the sowing and planting end of the flower garden, it is well to check over the varieties and types in order to make sure that all requirements have been complied with. Good garden should be balanced. That is, there must be variety of colors, shaded corners, as well as hot, dry ones, planted with something suitable, plenty of tall things, some scented blooms like Stocks and Nicotiana, continued bloom from June until frost, fences and vegetable garden screened with tall, bushy things and annual climbers and a fair showing of the new and vastly improved both single and double flowers.

An Intensive Vegetable Garden:—It is really remarkable the amount of vegetables that can be produced in a plot twenty feet square. Sufficient tomatoes for a small family will be grown on six or eight plants. These, of course, should be staked and may be set in eighteen inches apart. The stakes are six feet long and are driven in close to the plant when the latter is set out. Pinch off all side shoots, training the single main stem along the pole and tying it about every foot. Each week during the growing season the plants should be inspected and all side shoots nipped off. In between where the tomatoes are going to be planted, grow lettuce, using an early and late type, and also the Cos variety which will supply the table during the late summer and early fall. One or two rows of beans are advisable as these yield very heavily for the amount of space taken up. Make two plantings about two or three weeks apart. Fifteen inches is sufficient space between rows. Carrots and beets will give very good returns and should have from twelve to fifteen inches between rows. Spinach is also a heavy yielder and as it comes on early is out of the way before the later vegetables require full room. On this account it, as well as lettuce and radish, can be planted in between the rows of carrots, beans and tomatoes. Swiss chard will supply a huge quantity of greens from ten to fifteen feet of row. The inner stalks are used like asparagus and the leaves like spinach. Onions could be included in the small garden and need only about eight inches between rows. Corn takes up quite a lot of room but it is never quite so good as when taken fresh from the garden, it is well to include it. It yields an average of three cobs to every two stalks, and it may be planted in hills about a foot apart. Along the fences one can grow melons, cucumbers, pole beans, squash and similar trailing things.

These Require Warmth:—There are certain flowers and vegetables which must not be set outside or the seed sown until the weather turns warm and there is no longer danger of frost. Of course, in some sections of the country some of these things cannot be considered, but most of them can, as the farther north one goes the longer are the summer days and the greater rapidity of growth. In the flower line these hot weather things, in the order of planting run about as follows: Gladioli, Dahlias and Chrysanthemums in bulbs or tubers and Asters, Petunias and many other bedding plants which cannot stand frost. The three first named should be planted about three times as deep as the diameter of the bulbs or tubers, and the Dahlias, especially should be staked. In the bedding plant group, it is advisable to secure or grow in the hot bed and cold frame stout branching plants, rather than too tall ones. In transplanting, expose to sun as little as possible, water well and add a pinch of commercial fertilizer dissolved in water to the nearby soil.

In the vegetable group will come tomatoes, the main planting of cabbage, egg plants, lima beans, water and musk melon, cucumbers and celery. The main planting of the latter should not go in much before July otherwise it will come on too early for fall use or storage. Cos lettuce, Chinese cabbage and other fall salad crops are planted in June and July and the same is true of table turnips.

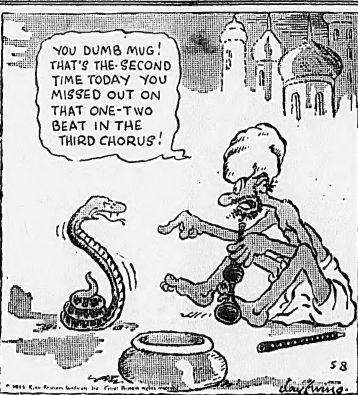
An Inexpensive Sport

Wellesley College finds girl students going for the less expensive sports, riding and golfing declining as tennis takes a spurt. Some pedestri-ans will contend that if all duties continue long enough a golden discovery must come—that trained walking is one of the most satisfying and rewarding sports of all.

Hothouse strawberries picked at Warrash, Hampshire, England, have been sold for \$6.00 a pound.

Haiti's 1933 coffee crop is expected to total 79,386,000 pounds.

FANCIFUL FABLES



58

muddy skin
Act at once!
Incomplete
elimination is
poisoning your
blood. Take one
every morning.

**ENO'S
FRUIT SALT**

**HEART
OF THE
NORTH**

By
**WILLIAM
BYRON
MOWERY**

(WNU Series)

Copyright by William Byron Mowery

CHAPTER X.—Continued.

About the whole plot there was only one telltale sign of something dark and sinister. In their hurry to get away, the bandits had overlooked that sign. Beside a stump in the sunlit clearing, Alan picked up old Pence's story-stick. Once or twice he had wondered what they had done with that old white-haired wretch. They would not burden themselves with him, nor would they turn him free, to report and bring the police hot on their trail. How had they dealt with old Pence?

As he picked up the stick, he saw a brownish-red stain on one end of it, a crimson splash already turning dark; and a few heavy-white hairs clinging to the wood. And this story-stick which old Pence had been whittling at, carving clumsy bas-reliefs scenes from his own life—scenes of mining camps, of the fur-patch and lonely gold trails, of dog teams and pack-horses, of broad-shouldered men bent under heavy portage loads and of women with a crude beauty of face and figure—this story-stick of his life, from its rounded handle to its tapering end, was completed now.

CHAPTER XI.

How To Damn An Enemy

A Takudah brought word to Endeavour of a strange happening at En Traverse Lake. He had been fishing there at an inlet for barbuttes, he said—half-asleep that morning, with the fish line tied around his big toe. A thundering sound in the sky had roused him, and looking up, he had beheld a fearful thing come out of the southern horizon and roar out over the lake.

The sight of it, said John Alfrad-of-his-Squaw, had nearly tumbled him from his boat. It had lit down on the water, he said, near Goose Point. And behold, a few minutes later it rose and started across the lake for the south shore. He had watched it no longer, but scurried to the bank and trawled in among some rocks; for the dreadful thing might have been hungry and questing for food. . . .

Frank Pedneault listened very thoughtfully to the Indian's story, and then began drawing some conclusions of his own. To him this Indian's shiny monster was a possible key to many puzzles. To the best of his recollection he had never yet seen Alan Baker throw down a job merely because it was tough. And he knew that Baker had been heart and soul determined to wipe out that first stinging defeat and save Joyce MacMillan's dad. But he had thought that Alan had gone after those bandits without violating his oath of secrecy, he had dropped a few broad hints that that effect.

for BITES
Insect, snake, or animal
bites. The best treatment is plenty
of Minard's at once.
Soothes, heals and cleanses.
Draws out the poison!

**MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT**

W. N. U. 1995

Pedneault drew a conclusion: "Alan went out and got himself a flying machine to hunt them men out of the Thal Azrah or make that Inconnu trip. He and Bill arranged to meet somewhere. He picked Bill up and now they're over there together on the roughest trick in a coon's age!" As he stood in the barracks door gazing wistfully across the Mackenzie to the distant hills, he felt all deserted by his comrades. "And they left me out in the cold. Didn't tell me one d—d thing about it. To h— with 'em both! But Lord! I wish— on a trick like that—oh Lord, I wish . . ."

Not absolutely sure of his conclusions, he started out along the grassy terrace toward Mrs. Drummond's flower garden where Elizabeth Spaulding was reading. He was pondering, in vague outline, a trick of his own. It was a serious matter, and he wanted to be certain of his guess before he cut loose with a scheme like that. Elizabeth no doubt knew all about Alan's plans, since she was waiting here for him to return and marry her.

Elizabeth did know the story. Haskell had let her know. Not daring to go to her himself, he had employed Whipple to casually tell her that Baker had stolen valuable government property at Edmonton, had broken several flying regulations, and was certain of arrest and imprisonment the hour he showed up in civilization. No longer a policeman, and having no authorization of any sort, Baker might even be charged with second-degree murder if he killed any of these bandits.

The news affected Elizabeth very little. Superintendent Williamson and Colonel Steele were both good friends of Alan's and both had power in high places. If his venture should be successful, they no doubt could get him clear. There is a lot of virtue, she reflected, in success.

When Pedneault came across and began asking roundabout questions concerning Alan and his venture, Elizabeth told him what she knew. She knew that Pedneault would repeat her words to Alan, if he got the chance; and Alan would then hear from another person of her steadfast loyalty to him.

Very thoughtfully, when he found out his guess had been correct, Pedneault walked back across the terrace to the mission hospital where Larry Young was propped up in a chair before a window. For twenty minutes, leaning over the sill, Pedneault conferred with Larry in low tones.

From there, he went over to Haskell's cabin:

Haskell was shaving. He turned around and snapped:

"Well, what is it?"

"Sir, a mail called Adolphe brought word of trouble down river in an Indian camp. The Smokies, several families of 'em, have got hold of some 'permit', and they're quarrelling, fighting. I could handle it myself. I've straightened out messes like that. I could be there and back in the launch by mid-afternoon, with your permission."

"You can't go. I need the launch myself in a little while."

Pedneault cleared his throat nervously. "Sir, I know it's not my place to say a thing like this, but—just a mere suggestion, sir—Superintendent Williamson is coming here on the next down-boat, probably tomorrow evening; and he's always very vexed about Indians killing each other in drunken brawls. He's always pleased when we nail a camp like that, sir."

It was a consummate stroke, his reference to Williamson. Larry Young had prompted him to that.

Haskell took thought. If he sent a man and smoothed out this Indian trouble, it would look very like either report. It would be a positive action, an achievement. He said: "All right. Go down and reduce them to order. But be back here in three hours. I want the launch—"

Pedneault was already on his way up to barracks for rifle, belt-gun and keys from Whipple. Down at the wharf, he hurriedly tanked up on gas and put in a big drum extra. Jumping in, slipping into the wheel seat, he stuck a pipe between his teeth, jammed his hat low over his eyes, yanked the starter chain and swung out upon the broad river.

A little puzzled by these preparations and all this haste, Haskell stepped outside his cabin. As he stood there, watching Pedneault's demoniac driving, watching the scarlet-and-gold launch vanish in its own spray down the Mackenzie, he heard a feeble shout up the terrace behind him; and he turned and looked at the hospital. At that moment Larry Young, leaning forward in his padded chair, was shaking a fist out the window and emitting a weak—

"Yee-oww! Three whoops for Ped!"

It was Haskell's intention, as soon as Pedneault came back with the

launch, to take Whipple and make a trip up the Big Alooca. Baker would probably use the MacMillan trading post as a maneuvering base against the bandits. By muffling the motor over the last few miles the launch could slip up quietly. They would not be expecting him to strike a second blow; they likely would be up at the trading store; and at least it would take them ten full minutes to arise out of the narrow cramped river.

But as he sat there in his cabin, planning this blow, Haskell doubted if he was to succeed. A kind of fatalism had laid hold of him. In his feud with Baker he had been successful in the main, but what did all his triumph mean, when he had lost Elizabeth Spaulding? His victory had been a barren one. He saw that she was going to marry Alan Baker. In these last weeks the prophetic knowledge of that marriage had been a waking nightmare. Day by day it was marching closer and he was powerless to halt it.

When four hours passed and Pedneault failed to return with the launch, Haskell began to get suspicious. Five hours, six—and Pedneault still absent. Haskell finally went across to the hospital and demanded of Larry Young:

"What were you and Pedneault talking about before he came to my cabin?"

Larry never smiled. "I don't exactly mind, but I think we were talking about the weather. Ped said he hoped it ain't going to rain any more."

Haskell snarled: "You're laughing in my face. You hatched some devilry with him." He threatened viciously: "I'll fix you, constable. You're to be invalidated out of service. I've got something to say about the terms. When you're hobbling around, trying to live on a few dollars a month, you won't be quite so d—d chipper!"

In a seething fury he turned away. Pedneault had tricked him, stolen the launch, and joined Baker's venture! Unable now to go up the Alooca and smash that plan, he found outlet for his bitterness in avenging plans, vengeance against Alan Baker and those men. At Williamson's coming visit he could deal them some terrible blows. His enemies had played into his hands. Baker had bought out under suspicious circumstances, had made a criminal of himself had taken the law into his own hands and turned justice to private ends. Pedneault had given a false report and absconded with police property. Bill Hardscock had stolen supplies and subverted them to his own uses, had gone a-w-o-l., had aided in a criminal enterprise, and to crown it all, had deserted.

Knowing Williamson's foibles pretty well, Haskell foresaw the superintendent's anger when he learned these blunt facts. They violated every tenet in the stern old officer's code, for he was a stickler for discipline. He would seek Hardscock and Pedneault to the limit. He would turn thumbs down on any leniency toward Baker. The ex-sergeant would be branded with disgrace, if he escaped the pen. And if he did get those bandits, he had availing him the news that Trader MacMillan, whose innocence he had championed, for whose sake he had done all this and whose vindication had been his great purpose—that Dave MacMillan, broken by shame and bitterness, was lying dead, a suicide, at Resolution.

(To Be Continued.)

A Scientific Curiosity

Largest Microscope Will Be Exhibited At Chicago Fair

The world's largest microscope, standing seven feet high and built exactly to scale, will be one of the outstanding scientific curiosities at the Century of Progress Exposition in Chicago. The instrument, to be exhibited by a Rochester, N.Y., optical company, will be the only one of its kind in existence, and will show visitors the external features of these precise instruments which have been responsible in large measure, for conquering many forms of virulent disease.

Life's Hardest Battle

It is much easier to act firmly and bravely under a strong impulse than it is to restrain an impulse when called upon to do so. Of all the battles of life there is not one that requires so much real courage as that silent battle with self, which every dutiful person finds it frequently necessary to wage.

Sounds Like Cannibalism

"My dear, listen to this," gasped an elderly English lady who was calling with her husband for the first time in one of the Western States. "On this bill of fare it says 'Baked Indian pudding.' Can such things be possible in a country which claims to be civilized?"

Wonderful Rock Tower

Pillar In Northern Ontario Rises Seventy Feet Above Water

Throughout Canada are many curious natural formations which appealed to the Indians as evidence of the supernatural. Their imagination people the vicinity of great falls, canyons, and oddly shaped and placed rocks with spirits over which raised their Manitou. As in more enlightened climes where gifts were offered to propitiate certain gods, the simple Indian offered up his treasures to procure the care and guidance of the spirit which hovered over the virtual shrines which lay along his route. One of these places where Indian "medicine" was offered to Manitou stands in the rushing flood of the Missinabi river in Northern Ontario, a tower of rock known from time immemorial as Conjuror's House.

Near Conjuror's House the turbulent Missinabi is hemmed in by high walls of gneiss between which the stream dashes with tremendous velocity. Hard against the rocky fastness of Conjuror's House the river hurls its might only to be divided, turned aside and madly rushes onward to tumble in foam and spray over the falls below. Alone in its solitude, stands this extraordinary columnar pillar rising 60 to 70 feet above the water. Travellers journeying by canoe down the Missinabi to Hudson Bay pass this awe inspiring monument of nature as they portage past the rapids 32 miles north of the railway. Standing on the brink of the steep-walled canyon, and gazing down the huge rock, the present day traveller experiences some of the awe and wonder that seized the Indians at this place, and may feel some of the hidden things which the northland holds as its own.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaels

ULTIMATE GOOD

The ultimate good will some day prevail. So believe that the righteous cannot fail! Believe in a scheme that is wholly just. And trust as a little child would trust in virtue and honour, in truth and love.

And your days to the rhythm of your thoughts will move! The ultimate good, though you cannot see. Sometimes, what the end of the road will be. Be sure always as you press ahead that somewhere the riddle has all been read.

And here your thinking no shade of doubt.

That by someone the course has been charted out.

The ultimate good! How the wonder grows As petals by petal the years disclose The heart of life, as a perfect flower Which fairer and sweeter grows, year by year!

The ultimate good! As you press ahead Be sure the riddle has all been read.

Canada Stands Fourth

Has One Motor Vehicle To Every 6.4 Persons

Canada, with one motor vehicle to every 6.4 persons, ranked fourth in density, in world countries in 1932, the United States leading with a density of one motor vehicle to every 5.1 persons, says a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Ontario, with 6.5 persons per motor vehicle, had the greatest density in Canada. British Columbia was second with 7.7 persons per motor vehicle.

Must Ask Many Questions

Official regulations for the Metropolitan Police, London, England, lay down as many as four hundred questions, any or all of which a policeman may have to ask in the event of a fatal road accident happening on his beat.

A rich gold find has just been made in Albania.

Guatemala recently had a one-day bank holiday.

WEAK WOMEN

Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Have you ever felt that you were too weak to do anything . . . that you did not have the strength to do your work? Women who are weak and run-down should take a tonic such as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Headaches and backaches that are the result of tired, run-down conditions often yield to this marvelous medicine. 98 out of every 100 women who report to us that they are benefited by this medicine. Buy a bottle from your druggist today . . . and watch the results.

LOW PRICED but DEPENDABLE

OLD FIELD TIRES

IF you want a low-priced but dependable tire that has the quality and features of tires costing much more, go to the nearest Firestone Dealer today and ask for

THESE sturdy, long-wearing tires, made and guaranteed by Firestone, offer exceptional value. They have all the features of tires costing much more, including a deep, tough cord body and a deep, tough safety tread that grips the road in all kinds of weather. Worn tires are dangerous—you cannot afford to take chances with them—especially when you can buy Oldfield tires for so little. Go to the nearest Firestone Dealer today and let him equip your car with these low-cost, long-wearing tires.

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GUARANTEED FOR 12 MONTHS

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FORTY—SASKATCHEWAN—Fort Hardware.

Hardisty—Bene's Garage.
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HUGHENDEN—E. Bell.
IRMA—Ben. Sather.
LACOMBE—Laird Motors Ltd.
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Buried Treasure

Expect To Be Able To Recover Huge Amount Belonging To Murdered Czar Of Russia

The London Herald reports that a treasure worth £2,000,000, belonging to the murdered Czar Nicholas II. and prominent Russian noblemen, will soon be recovered at Sverdlovsk, on the Asiatic side of the Ural Mountains.

The Czar's family was slain at Sverdlovsk, then known as Ekaterinburg, after the 1917 revolution. The cache was long known to the London agent of some of the owners, the Herald said. The agent sent three representatives, one of whom was a London banker, to obtain the treasure.

The representatives were reported to have negotiated for 15 months with the Soviet Government with the result that the latter agreed to turn over one-fourth of the treasure.

The treasure is said to be buried at a considerable depth under a house where it was placed 16 years ago by a man not known in Russia. The Soviet government is said to have guaranteed safe conduct to Sverdlovsk.

The Herald reported discovery of the treasure was made but that it would not be dug up until the arrival of the man who buried it.

The Modern Version

A small boy (more a film than a history fan) was "rehearsing" before his father an essay he had written on Sir Walter Raleigh.

"Sir Walter wanted to keep in with the Queen," he said, "so he took off his jacket and threw it over some mud for her to walk on."

"Did he speak to Queen Elizabeth?" asked the father.

"Yes," came the unexpected reply. "He said, 'Step on it, baby!'"

An Important Find

Haverford College has announced that a scarab, or lucky symbol, which King Tutankhamen's grandfather gave friends attending his wedding about 1400 B.C., is the season's most important archaeological discovery of the college's expedition to Beth Shemesh in Palestine.

Little Helps For This Week

"Thou shalt rejoice in every good thing which the Lord thy God hath given unto thee."—Deuteronomy 26:2.

"Rejoice evermore. In everything give thanks."—1 Thessalonians 5:16, 18.

Grave on thy heart each past "red letter day!"

Forget not all the sunshine of the life way.

By which the Lord hath led thee; answered prayers.

And joy unspeakable, strange blessings, lifted cares.

Grand promises-echoes: Thus thy life shall be.

One record of His love and faithfulness to thee.

—F. Havergal.

Gratitude consists in a watchful attention which the Lord thy God hath given unto thee."

—Deuteronomy 10:21.

—Deuteronomy 10:21.

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—Deuteronomy 10:21.

—Deuteronomy 10:21.

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class matter.

All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates for The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 5c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.



CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, May 28th, 1933.

Service at 7:30 p.m.

Sunday School every Sunday at 11 a.m.

Pastor, I. D. Woodlatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH

Service Second Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

ANGELICAN CHURCH SERVICE

Holy Communion 11 a.m.

Sunday, May 28th, Peyton School.

Rev. L. Baker

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern.....	5.43
2 Northern.....	41
3 Northern.....	39
No. 4.....	38
No. 5.....	34
No. 6.....	33
Feed.....	31

OATS

2 C.W.....	14
3 C.W.....	12
Feed.....	12

Small Advertisements

Strayed—Black filly, four years old. Branded O reversed F. Reward. Fenske Bros., Cereal

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS AND BUY YOUR Steamship and Rail Tickets FROM THE LOCAL AGENT CANADIAN NATIONAL Rail and Steamship Lines

House Painting Paper Hanging Inside Decorations

See Our Latest Samples Wall Paper

Prices Reasonable.

W. J. Gallagher Chinook

Heard Around Town

Rev. Mr. Woodlatt intends leaving shortly for London, Ontario, where he will spend the summer months. Mr. Woodlatt has secured the services of Mr. Stanley Ranns, student of St. Stephens College, Edmonton, who will be in charge of the services in connection with the Chinook United Church during his absence. Mr. Ranns will preach next Sunday at 7:30 p.m.

The Chinook Women's Institute will meet Thursday, June 1st, at the home of Mrs. J. W. Shier, assistant hostesses being Mrs. Rideout and Mrs. L. Robinson. A report of the Convention will be given by Mrs. M. L. Chapman. Mrs. N. F. Marcy will demonstrate the making of paper flowers.

Mrs. J. C. Turple spent a few days in Calgary last week.

Miss Urdine Brownell, of Warbo, Minnesota, has successfully passed her 12th grade examination. She is one of a class of 110 who graduated from the Grand Rapids high school. Urdine had an average of 86 per cent. Congratulations from your Chinook friends.

Mrs. J. W. Lawrence, constituency convener for the Acadia West Women's Institute, Mrs. M. L. Chapman, delegate from Chinook W. I., and Mrs. W. Agar, delegate from Cereal W. I., attended the women's institute annual convention held in the Paliser Hotel, Calgary, last week, returning Sunday morning.

Miss Mae Todd, of Oyen, spent the holiday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Todd.

Mrs. Nelson, of Attle, Alberta, died on Monday, May 22nd, at the home of her son, Mr. Nelson. The body was shipped to Spokane, Wash., for burial. Mrs. Bjork, who formerly lived in Chinook, is a daughter of the deceased.

We are pleased to report that Adam Marr has recovered from his recent illness and is able to be around again.

Mrs. A. B. Hughes, of Cereal, passed away on Monday, May 22nd, in the Cereal hospital. Funeral service will be held in the Anglican church, Cereal, Thursday (today).

Mrs. Avon Vaughn, of LaCombe, arrived Saturday to visit with her brother, Mr. Hunter, who has been ill for some weeks, but is improving slowly.

In the baseball tournament at Youngstown sports on May 24th Chinook defeated Hanna. Oyen put it over Youngstown and in the play off Chinook won from Oyen. The weather was propitious and the attendance at the celebration was good.

Miss Hazel Broston, who for the past six months has occupied the position of chef at the Chinook Hotel, left last Thursday to take a like position at Clearwater Lake summer resort, Sask. Miss Ella Broston accompanied her and will wait table during the season.

Chinese Troops Evacuated Peiping

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Tokio, May 23.—A Reigi (Japanese) News Agency dispatch from Peking on Tuesday said that a Sino-Japanese truce agreement signed at Peiping provided that Chinese troops should evacuate that city and remain to the south of the line of Yankin-Chungking-Shenyi-Paoi-Lutai.

Further negotiations looking to terms of a permanent peace would be opened shortly at Peiping, the dispatch said.

Chinook and District Agricultural Society Will Not Hold 1933 Fair

On Saturday, May 20th, 1933, a meeting of the directors of Chinook and District Agricultural Society was held at the home of the secretary, Mrs. W. A. Todd. The object was to decide as to the holding of a fair this year.

On motion of E. B. Allen seconded by Mrs. Ferguson the minutes of the Annual Meeting were adopted as read.

On motion of Mr. Hille seconded by Mr. Todd that idea of holding a fair this year be abandoned, carried.

Moved by Mr. Todd seconded by Mr. Allen that School Fair committee be granted the use of the agricultural hall for the purpose of holding their exhibition, carried.

Adjournment on motion of Mrs. Ferguson and Mrs. Trogan.

The attendance was small, a School Fair meeting being held on the same night. Officers and members present were: Messrs S. W. Warren, president, and E. B. Allen, vice president, O. Hille, R. Stewart, W. A. Todd and Mesdames Ferguson, Hutchison and Trogan.

Chinook and District School Fair Meeting

The following are the minutes of the meeting of Chinook and District School Fair Association held on Saturday evening, May 20th:

Rosenau, Coutts, that minutes of last previous meeting be adopted as read, carried.

Stewart, Coutts, that Mrs. Lawrence, Mr. Rosenau and Mr. Nordin be a committee to canvass for donations for the School Fair, canvass to be completed by June 15th, carried.

Coutts, Rosenau, that when the canvass for donations is completed the secretary send a list of the special prizes to the teachers of the districts belonging to the Fair Association, carried.

Warren, Rosenau, that the date for the completion of the Heathdale, New Bliss and Coltholme school work be extended until the day of the Fair, carried. Stewart, Mrs. Shier, that we eliminate classes 28 34, and apply scale 2 to classes 35 43 and place the other classes on the point system, carried.

Adjournment on motion of Warren, Rosenau.

Pretty Young Thing: Are you sure these curtains won't shrink? I want them for my bedroom window.

Candid Clerk: Lady, with your figure, you should worry whether they do or not.

U.S. Isolation Policy to be Abandoned if Peace Threatened

(By Associated Press in Calgary Herald.)

Geneva, May 22.—President Roosevelt's peace message was translated into a programme of action at the disarmament conference today when the United States virtually offered to abandon its traditional policy of isolation if peace is threatened.

Peyton News

Mrs. J. C. Turple entertained the Prairie Rock Club last Thursday. All those who were present enjoyed themselves very much.

Much fun was had at the Peyton Bros' farm when pick up ball teams met to get limbered up for the season's ball games, which will be played every other Saturday evening at Peyton school commencing May 27th. A dance will be held after the games until midnight. Everyone welcome and ladies please bring lunch.

Any one wanting green onions will find them growing along the roadside between the Hobson and Robison farms.

An Amazing Letter

Editor Toronto Telegram:

Sir: The following is a four letter humbly submitted for the use of others situated in the same position as myself. I have tried it and still have hope.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your recent and more recent requests to send you a cheque, I wish to inform you that the present shattered condition of my bank account makes it impossible for me to take your requests seriously.

My present financial condition is due to the effect of Dominion laws, provincial laws, municipal county laws, corporation laws, liquor laws, traffic laws, by-laws, brother-in-laws, sister-in-laws, and outlaws, all of which have been foisted upon an unsuspecting public.

Through all these laws I am compelled to pay a business tax, sales tax, amusement tax, gas tax, school tax, water tax, excise tax, income tax, auto tax, hydro tax and syntax.

In addition to these irritating taxes, I am forced by the strong arm of the law to get a permit on this thing and a permit for that thing. I am required to get a business license, a city license, a provincial license, a sign license, a dog license, a motor license, a radio license, a liquor license—

not to mention a marriage license.

I am also requested and re-

quired to contribute to every society and organization of which the inventive genius of man is capable of bringing into life; also every hospital and charitable institution in the city—the Red Cross, the Black Cross, the White Cross, the Green Cross, the Purple Cross, the Flaming Cross, and the double cross.

For my own safety I am obliged to carry life insurance, liability insurance, burglary insurance, property insurance, rent insurance, fire insurance, compensation insurance, accident insurance, collision insurance, rain insurance and business insurance.

The government now has so governed my business that it is no easy matter for me to find out who owns it. I am expected, in prospect, suspected, disrespect-

ed, examined, re examined, informed, required, summoned, fined, commanded and compelled until all I know is that I am supposed to provide an inexhaustible supply of money for every known need, desire or hope of the human race, and simply because I refuse to donate to each and all who go out and beg, borrow or steal money to give away, I am cursed, discussed, boycotted, talked to, talked about, lied to, lied about, held up, held down, and robbed until I am nearly ruined.

I can tell you honestly, Mr. Man, that, failing a miracle, you won't be paid just now, and the only reason I am holding on to life is simply to see what is coming next.

Yours respectfully,

X X PERPLEXED.

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